



HARVEY MUDD COLLEGE

Mathematical Biology at Harvey Mudd College

Lisette de Pillis, Mathematics

Steve Adolph, Biology

Harvey Mudd College: Background

- What we are: Liberal Arts College (of Science, Engineering and Mathematics)
- Curriculum: 1/3 Common Core, 1/3 Humanities and Social Sciences, 1/3 Major
- Majors offered:
 - On campus (9): Math, Bio, CS, Chem, Phys, Eng, Math-CS, Math-Bio, Bio-Chem
 - Off campus (many): All others available

Harvey Mudd College: Background

- Student body size: ~800 students
- Faculty size: ~90 FTE
- Math Department size: 14 fac, 2.5 staff
- Bio Department size: 8 fac, 3 staff
- Faculty teaching load: 3 and 2
(semester system)

The HMC Common Core:

- **1 semester bio**: Intro to Biology (lecture)
 - Molecular biology, genetics, evolution
- **4 semesters math** (7-week half-courses):
 - Single complex variable calculus
 - Multivariable calculus I & II
 - Linear algebra I & II, discrete dynamical systems
 - Differential equations I & II
 - Probability and statistics

The HMC Common Core:

- 2 semesters chemistry
- 3 semesters physics
- 1 semester computer science
- 1 semester systems engineering

Mathematical Biology Major

- Motivation:
 - Student interest & background
 - Prepare students for interdisciplinary quantitative work in this “Century of Biology”
- Established 2002
- First graduates in 2003

Mathematical Biology Major

- Solid training in both Biology and Mathematics, with Math-Bio bridge
- Students prepared for: industry, biology graduate studies, math graduate studies.
- Senior choices: clinic, bio thesis, math thesis, math-bio thesis

Mathematical Biology Major

- Created & administered jointly by Mathematics and Biology faculty
- Approved by entire HMC faculty vote
- 41 units of 128 to graduate
- Compare:
 - **Biology Major:** 32 bio + 7 chem = 39 units (plus core of 3 bio units and 8 chem units)
 - **Mathematics Major:** 33 units (plus core of 13 math units)

Mathematical Biology Major:

Mathematics Requirements

(10 Units beyond 13 core units)

- Discrete Math (lower division) (3 units)
- Analysis I (upper division) (3 units)
- Two Math Electives (upper division) (4 to 6)

—Examples:

- Probability
- Stochastic Processes
- Operations Research
- Partial Differential Eqns
- Mathematical Statistics
- Advanced Linear Algebra
- Dynamical Systems
- Abstract Algebra

Mathematical Biology Major:

Biology Requirements

(15 units beyond core of 3 units)

- Intro Bio Lab (1 unit)
- Choose three (3 units each):
 - Physiology, Ecology, Evolution, Molecular, Neurobiology
- Advanced lab (2-3 units):
 - Ecology, Physiology, or Molecular Biology
- Seminar (3 units; read primary literature)

Mathematical Biology Major: Additional Requirements

- **Computation (3 units)**: Choose one of:
 - Scientific Computing, Numerical Analysis, Algorithms
- **Math Forum/Colloquium, Bio Colloquium** (1 year each)
- **Free Technical Elective (3 units)**:
 - Eg: Biostatistics, biochem, phys.chem, math as laboratory tool
- **Research (6 units, 2 semesters)**:
 - Math/Bio Thesis or Team Clinic Project
- **Mathematical Biology (4)**: “Bridge” Course

Mathematical Biology Courses

(units: 2 + 2)

- Prerequisites:
 - Linear Algebra (1 sem), ODEs (1 sem), Introductory Biology (1 sem): **Achieved in the Core**
- **Course Textbook:** *Dynamic Models in Biology*, □ Stephen P. Ellner & John Guckenheimer
- 2x7 weeks (15 week semester)
- Course style:
 - Traditional & guest lecture, in class exercises, research paper discussion, laboratory exercise, student research paper presentations (compare & contrast)
- Typical class:
 - 10-12 students, various majors (math, chem, bio, physics, eng). Both HMC & non-HMC.

Mathematical Biology: Sample Topics Covered

- **Cancer-Immune** modeling. **App:** Wheeler, de Pillis & Radunskaya (*Cancer Res*)
- **SIR Models** and **Vaccination Strategies / Game Theory**. **App:** Bauch & Earn (*PNAS*)
- **Evolutionarily Stable Strategies** (Hawks & Doves)
- Logistic & Age Structured Population Models. **App:** Adolph et al., Desert lizards
- **Phenotypic Plasticity**. **App:** Padilla & Adolph (*Evol Eco*): sharp and blunt teeth of snails
- **Computational Tools:** Matlab with pplane6, ODEArchitect, xppaut

Mathematical Biology: Sample Guest Lecture Topics

- Y. Guo: Neuron modeling, Parkinson's, Deep Brain Stimulation
- A. Gallegos: Uterine Contractions
- S. Blower: HIV/AIDS, Herpes
- M. Stubna: Cardiac Arrhythmias
- L. Li: Ecological Complexity
- G. Dewey: Microarray Analysis
- R. Fister: Optimal Control of Chemotherapy
- A. Sadovsky: Wound Healing
- F. Su: Phylogenetic Trees
- W. Willson: Consumer Resource Models
- T.Jackson,D.Mallet,E.Afenya: Multiple approaches to cancer modeling

Mathematical Biology: Final Class Project

Self-select team of 2 students

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graph TD; A[Self-select team of 2 students] --> B[Find 1 mathematical biology journal article involving modeling]; A --> C[Find 2 related mathematical biology journal articles (models)]; B --> D["Implement model presented in article: Extend!"]; C --> E[Compare and contrast two approaches]; D --> F[Present to class]; E --> F;
```

Find 1 mathematical biology journal article involving modeling

Implement model presented in article:
Extend!

Find 2 related mathematical biology journal articles (models)

Compare and contrast two approaches

Present to class



A Tale of Two Futures: HIV and Antiretroviral Therapy in **San Francisco**

Blower, S.M., Gershengorn, H.B.,
and Grant, R.M.

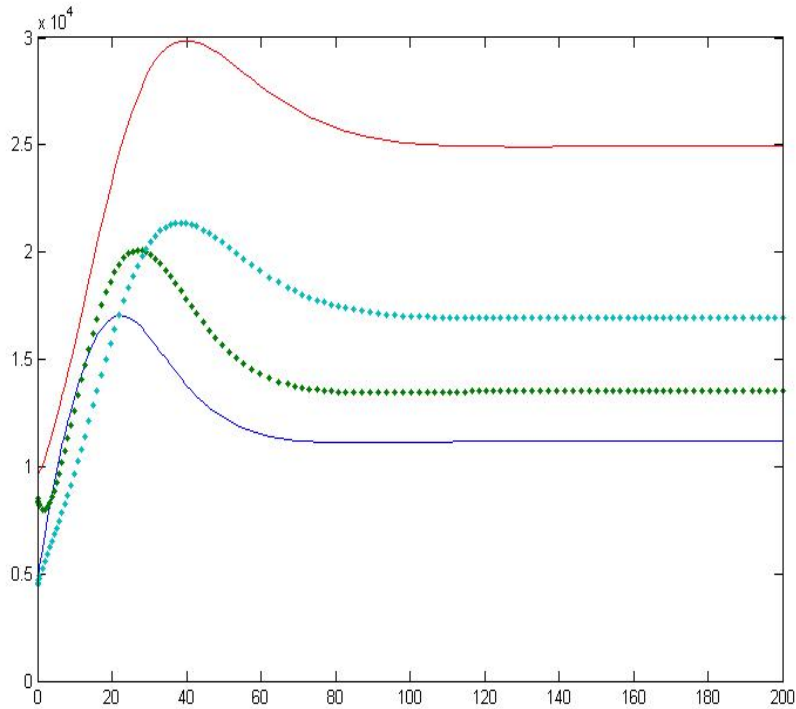
Presented & Extended by:
Christoph Rau and Micki
Kaye

Math 119

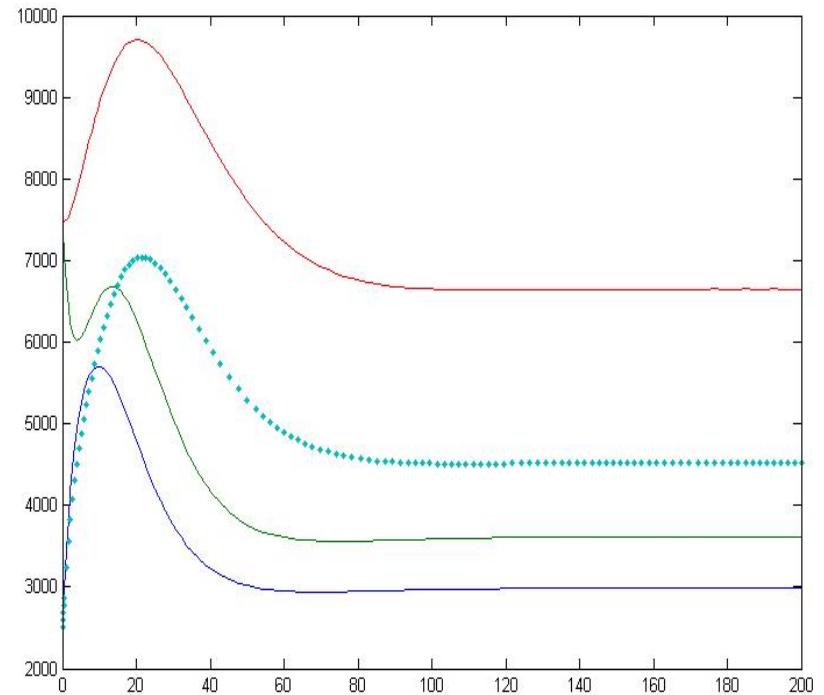
4/24/06



Christoph and Micki's Extension: **Get NY Data,** **Compare to SF.** What happens?



NEW YORK



SAN FRANCISCO

Mathematical Biology: Recent Student/Fac Research

- De Pillis & Gu & Fister: *Optimally controlling combination immunotherapy in cancer models*. 2 Summers, 12 students
- Adolph & Hardin: *Statistical estimation of physiological performance*. 2 students.
- Yong: *Mathematical model for nutational movement of plant cotyledons*. 1 student.
- Jacobsen: *Modeling ecological invasions on dynamic habitats*. 2 students.
- Bassman: *Multidisciplinary study of structural development in tendril-bearing plants*. 1 student.
- Bechtel: *Identifying Oscillating gene expression transcripts in microarray time series data*. 1 student.

Math/Bio Students: Where are some of them now?

- **Erin Bodine**, 2003 (PhD program, Mathematics/Mathematical Ecology, Univ. of Tennessee, Knoxville)
- **Tara Martin**, 2004 (PhD program Systems Biology, Harvard)
- **Trevor Pickering**, 2005 (PhD program Bio Stats, USC),
- **Lori Thomas**, 2005 (PhD program, Biological Oceanography, joint MIT-Woods Hole)
- **Sean Fogarty**, 2006 (PhD program, Animal Behavior, UC Davis),
- **James Moore**, 2007 (PhD program, Mathematical Biology, University of Utah)
- **Victor Camacho**, 2007 (PhD program, Mathematical Biology, University of Utah)
- **Ryan McCarthy**, 2007 (PhD program, Plant Biology, Univ. of Georgia)
- **Christoph Rau**, 2007 (PhD program in Molecular, Cell and Developmental Biology, UCLA.)

Future Plans

- **Computational Biology** (HHMI Funded)
 - New faculty member: Eliot Bush
 - Experimental year-long *core* course combining introductory biology and introductory computer science
- **Claremont Center for the Mathematical Sciences** (CCMS)
 - 4 areas of Concentration, including *Computational & Mathematical Biology*

Funding

- **W.M. Keck Foundation**
- **Howard Hughes Medical Institute (HHMI)**
- **National Science Foundation** (Interdisciplinary Training for Undergraduates in Biological and Mathematical Sciences - UBM)

Thank you for listening!

***Lisette de Pillis:
depillis@hmc.edu***

***Steve Adolph:
adolph@hmc.edu***

Sample In-Class Exercise

Lotka-Volterra Competition Equations

For 2 competing species, we'll use the following notation:

Species 1: N_1, K_1, r_1 **Species 2:** N_2, K_2, r_2

1. Write down the **logistic equation** for **Species 1** (ignoring **Species 2** for the moment).
2. Suppose that we now **add some individuals** of **Species 2**, who compete for resources with **Species 1**. **What effect** will they have on the population dynamics of **Species 1**? **Will the effect** of each individual of **Species 2** be equal to that of **Species 1**? **What features** of the biology of these two species will determine this?
3. Try to **modify your logistic** equation for **Species 1** so that it includes the effects of **Species 2**. (Hint: think about how we included the effects of **Species 1** on its own growth rate.) **Etc...**

